

Defining Spaces.



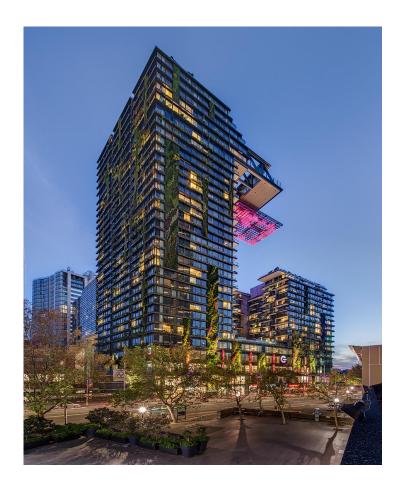
Worlds Tallest Buildings......



# Abedian School of Architecture Bond University Presentation

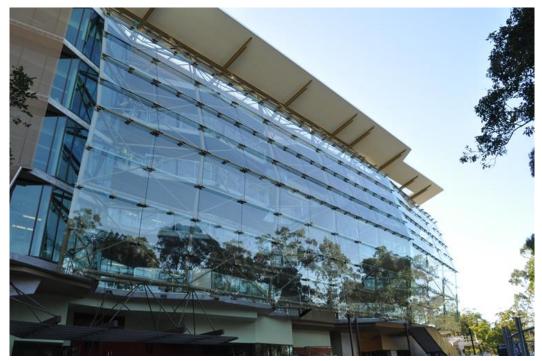
#### Presenters:

## G.James bring Architect's dreams to reality....



One Central Park, Sydney
CTBUH Annual Awards - Best Tall Building Worldwide 2014

A monumental building is: an enduring work of art on a grand scale, viewed by a captive mass audience, functioning as a habitable structure.



Sir Samuel Griffith Centre, Gold Coast



## The Journey from Concept to Reality ...

								•
	1. Concept	2. Development Application	3. Tender Documents	4. "Value Engineering"	5. Façade Contractor Design & Construct	6. Procurement Manufacture & Transport	7. Construction	8. Handover & Occupation
Architect's Aims:	The inspired idea and its presentation	3D appearance renderings & basic plans showing appearance	General "massaging" of design into shape	Design compromise to meet practicalities and budget	Detailed design compromise to meet REALITIES. <u>Meet program</u>	Ensure best compromises to achieve intent & confidence in façade contractor	Minimise costs of unexpected items Balance program vs. quality	Meet completion date, achieve certification & hope for recognition!
Architect's Duties:	Client engagement	Client & Council approval	Consulting team coordination & tender dwg/spec	Builder options, appraisals, accounting & contract dwg/spec revisions	Working <u>WITH</u> façade contractor to solve a myriad of problems, approving	Factory QA approvals & variation \$ management	QA site checks & progress claim appraisals	Defect inspection final document submissions & client feedback.
		Mar 1			materials & checking drawings			
					is in the second			

**Design Development** 

**Architectural Control** 



## ... Compromise is Needed for Optimum Results

- Facades must meet budgets
- Practicalities of performance MUST NOT be compromised
- Flexibility of Architectural detailing can achieve the intent cost effectively



Abedian School of Architecture, Bond University, Gold Coast Architect: Cook Robotham Architectural Bureau (CRAB) – Sir Peter Cook

### Safely withstand actions of:

- Wind
- Rain
- Sunlight
- · Heat & Cold

### Control the passage of:

- Heat
- Air
- Light
- Sound

### Consider practicalities of:

- Materials
- Longevity
- Manufacture
- Transport
- Installation



# Consider the Options...





Riverside Centre vs. Riparian Plaza

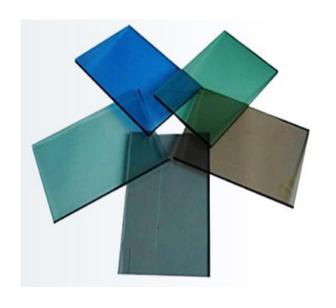
"Good design doesn't date" - Harry Siedler



## What are the options in Glass?

- Clear
- Low Iron
- Body Tinted (Grey, Green, Blue, Bronze, SuperGreen, SuperBlue, SuperGrey)
- Patterned Glass







- Annealed (Normal)
- Furnace
  - Toughened
  - Heat Strengthened
- Heat Soaking
- Laminate
- Coated
  - Offline (Reflective, Low E)
  - Online (Reflective, Low E)

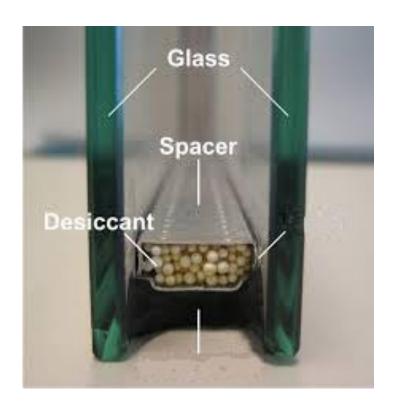


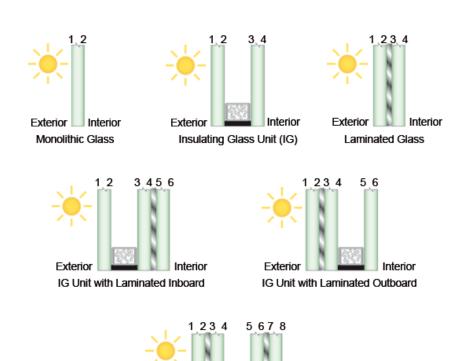






Double Glaze, also called
 "Insulated Glaze Unit" (IGU)





Glass surface number terminology

IG Unit with Laminated Outboard & Inboard



Curved / Bent









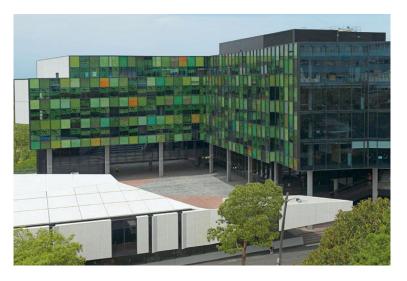
- Ceramic Paint
  - Ceramic Frit
  - Two Pak





## Use Glass to create the "LOOK"













# Is all "safety" glass safe?



## In applications of:

- Shear walls;
- Overhead;
- Balustrades



# Is all "safety" glass safe?





Beware of the post-breakage risks associated with toughened and toughened laminated glass! G.James internal policy is decades ahead of legislation around the world, which is only now catching up – Singapore: recently; Canada: soon; USA: debating; Australia-???













## Facade Framing / Support Systems

## If glass acts as the skin, what forms the bones ?

### Aluminium Framed

- Window Wall
- Curtain Wall
- Captive Glazed
- Structurally Glazed











- Steel Truss
- Cable Truss
- Grid Shell
- Cable Net











- Shopfronts
- Glass Fins
- Structural Glass















### Indicative Commercial fixed glazing sizes:

Cost effective mullion ctrs are between 1200 to 1800

- 450 Series (nom. 100 deep)
  - ~ 3000 max. frame height



- **650 Series** (nom. 150 deep)
  - ~ 3500 max. frame height



- **850 Series** (nom. 200 deep)
  - ~ 4500 max. frame height



#### General Commercial Product Limitations on sizing of Operable Door/Window Sashes

T.H.I.S Single and double glazed     Awning - Single glazed only  Casement - Single glazed only  1800 x 1500  24 kg @ 90° opening 100 kg @ 20° opening 24 kg @ 90° opening 100 kg @ 20° opening 100 kg @ 20° opening 52 kg  25 kg
T.H.I.S Single and double glazed 1800 x 1500 24 kg @ 90° opening 100 kg @ 20° opening Awning - Single glazed only 1500 x 1200 24 kg @ 90° opening 100 kg @ 20° opening
Awning - Single glazed only 1500 x 1200 24 kg @ 90° opening 100 kg @ 20° opening
• 165 Series Sliding windows 1600 x 1200 48 kg per sash (4 rollers)
• 245 Series Commercial Sliding 2400 x 1200 200 kg per sash *Upgraded design version 2600 x 1200 200 kg per sash
265-660 Series     Awning – Single glazed only     1500 x 1200     24 kg @ 90° opening     100 kg @ 20° opening
Casement – Single glazed only 1500 x 800 52 kg
• <b>445 Standard Sliding Door</b> 2700 x 1500 200 kg per sash *Custom design version 2800 x 2200 450 kg per sash
475/476 Series Hinged Doors
475/476-200 2400 x 1000 Hinged 2400 x 1200 Pivot 2400 x 1800 Sliding (Please check auto-door usa
475-300 2700 x 1000 Hinged 2700 x 1200 Pivot 2700 x 1500 Sliding (Please check auto-door usage
• 477 Series Bi-Fold *477-220 minimum sash width 700 mm and 477-300 minimum sash width 750 mm 477-100 (E2) Bottom rolling 1500 x 1200 40 kg per sash (E2)
477-220 (E2) Even Leaves 2400 x 1100 40 kg per sash (E2) 477-220 (E2) 3 Un-Even 2400 x 950 40 kg per sash (E2)
477-300 (E3) 3000 x 1200 80 kg per sash (E3)



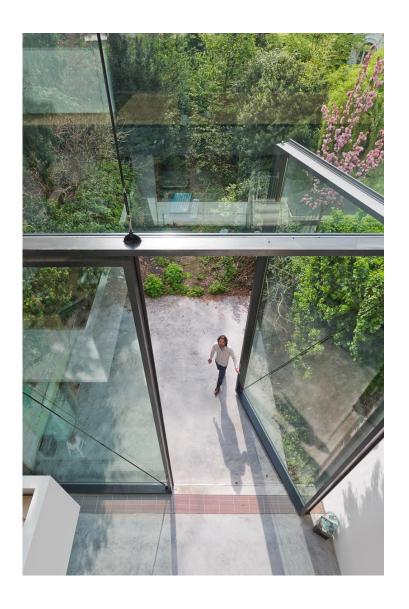
"But man has set foot on the moon!
Why can't G.James give me a 6m tall x 3m wide glazed pivot door?"

"... sure, if you have the budget and timeframe of NASA, G.James will gladly assist in lightening that load on your hip pocket..."









Are these the largest glass pivoting doors in the world? – Antwerp residence



## Caution is needed...

Beware! As a professional, you have a duty of care to ensure public safety.

APPLE BETHESDA

TODAY IN HORRIFY

COMMENTS

# How to minimise the risk?

## Apple Store Shopper Crushed Under 800 Pound Glass Door

Thursday, December 26, 2013, by Leslie Price



Photo via Reddit.

An **Apple store shopper** in **Bethesda**, **MD** was seriously hurt on Monday when one of the store's massive glass doors came **unhinged and fell on him**.

According to blog Bethesda Now, "the adult male patient was taken to a local hospital with serious, believed to be non-life threatening injuries." The store remained open afterward. Someone claiming to be a friend of the injured party took to Reddit to post a photo of the incident, saying that the man's pelvis was crushed by the door and that Apple "hasn't made any attempts to get in touch with him." That was yesterday.

Through prototype testing.



# How do we test glass ??

H:\video\common\glass\Convert\bullet\_resistant.wmv



# Some people accidentally test full buildings to destruction!





## G.James test full scale facades.

- Water Penetration
- Air Infiltration
- Deflection (1 in 20 year wind load)
- Abseiler loads on sunblades
- Proof Load (Typically 1 in 1000 year wind load)





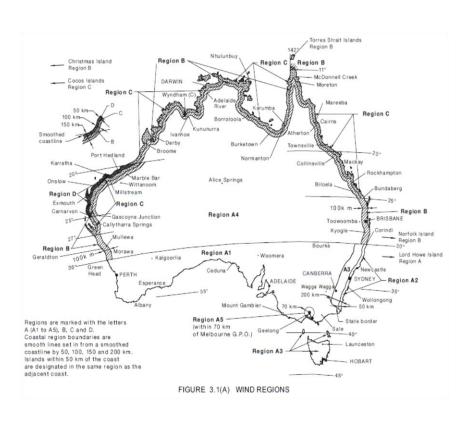








# Design Considerations: Wind Loads



## ... consider the location

- Wind load is typically the critical load that governs facade design for strength.
- Brisbane: approx. 3kPa wind pressure
- Cyclonic Areas: up to 14kPa wind pressure
- In layman's terms; these pressures are equivalent to the weight of how many people standing on the glass?



## An appreciation of wind pressures



#### Brisbane:

approx 3kPa wind pressure;

 This is equivalent to how many people (~75kg ea) standing on a typical 2400x1200 sized lite of glass?

## Cyclonic Areas:

up to 14kPa wind pressure;

 This is equivalent of how many people (~75kg ea) standing on a typical 2400x1200 sized lite of glass?

## An appreciation of wind pressures



#### Brisbane:

approx 3kPa wind pressure;

- Equivalent to weight of 4 people/m<sup>2</sup>
- That's a total of <u>12 people</u> standing on a typical 2400x1200 sized lite of glass

## Cyclonic Areas:

up to 14kPa wind pressure;

- Equivalent to weight of 19 people/m²
- That's a total of <u>55 people</u> standing on a typical 2400x1200 sized lite of glass!

# Design Considerations: Weather Resistance

For leaks to occur you need: Water + Hole Force to drive water through hole Forces: Pressure Kinetic energy Surface tension Gravity or or or

Water Head

or

or

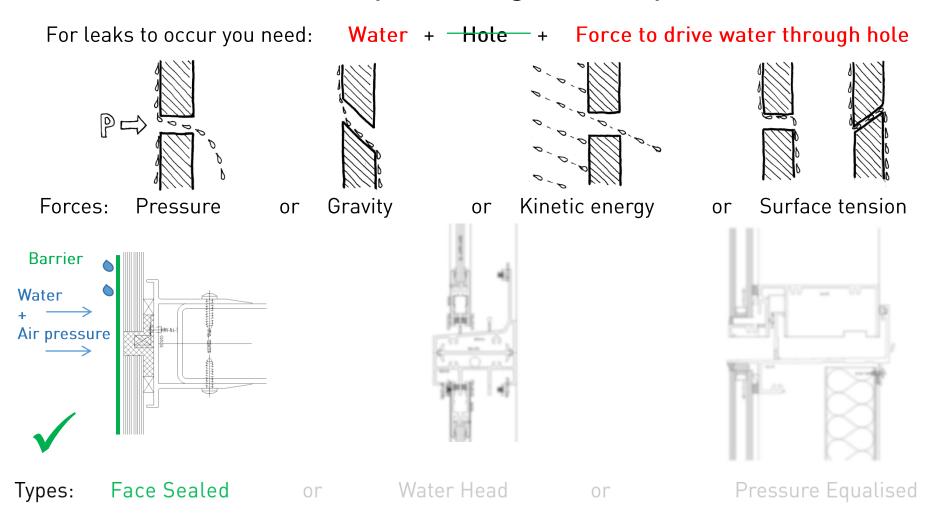


Types:

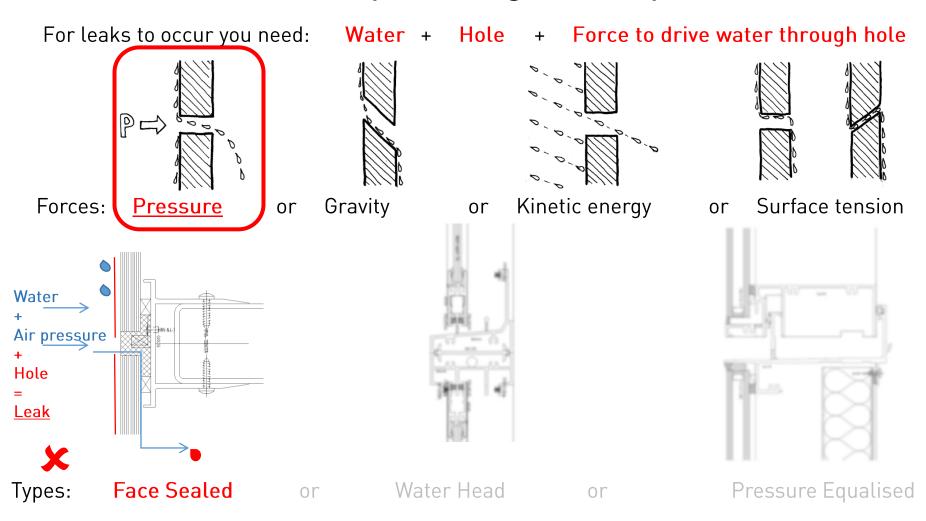
Face Sealed



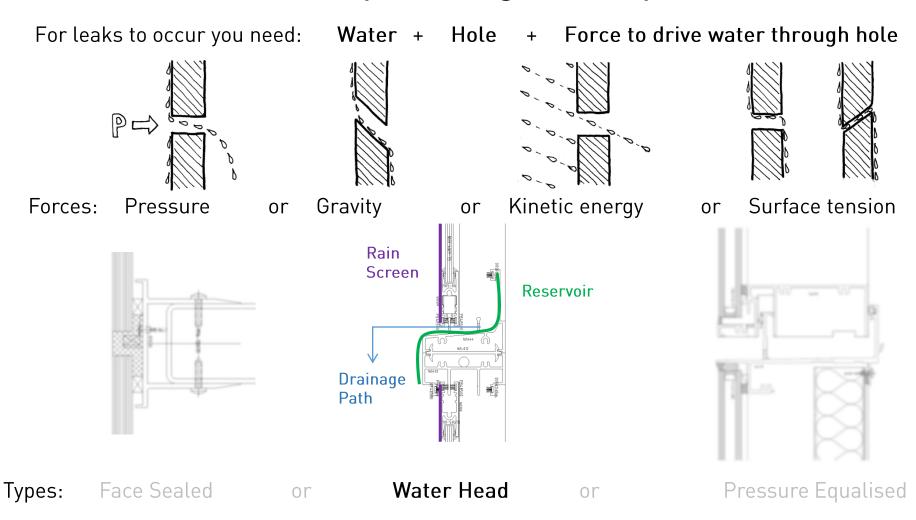
Pressure Equalised



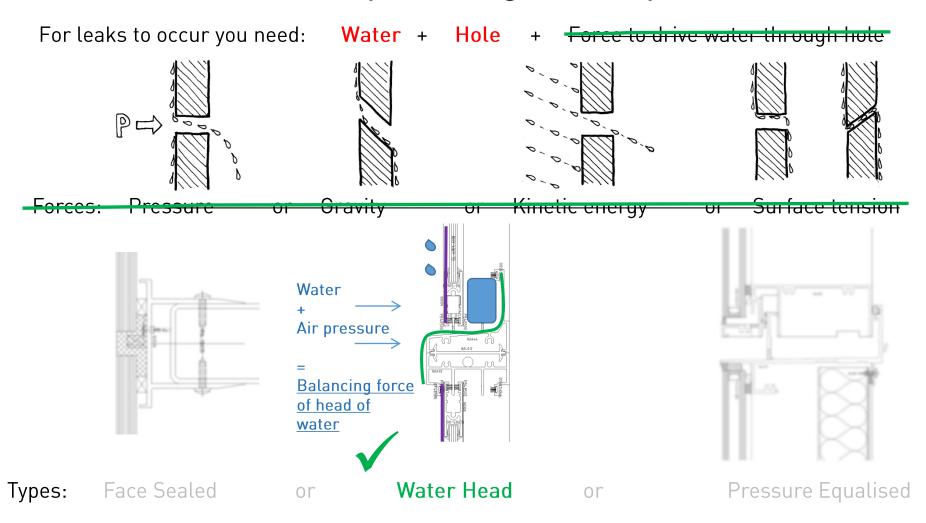




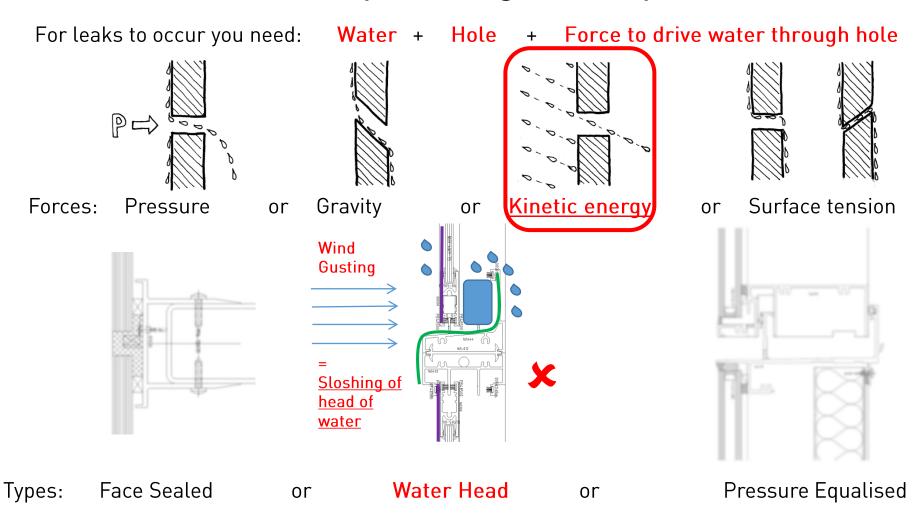




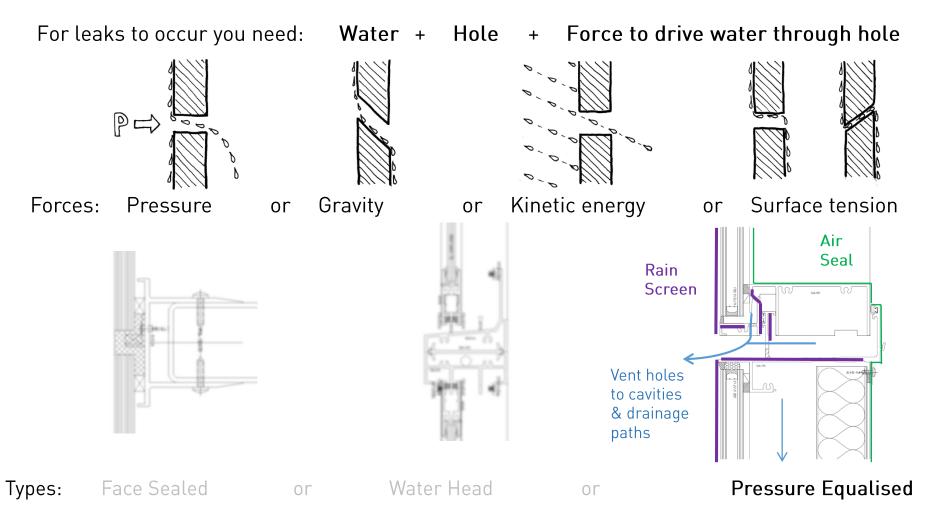




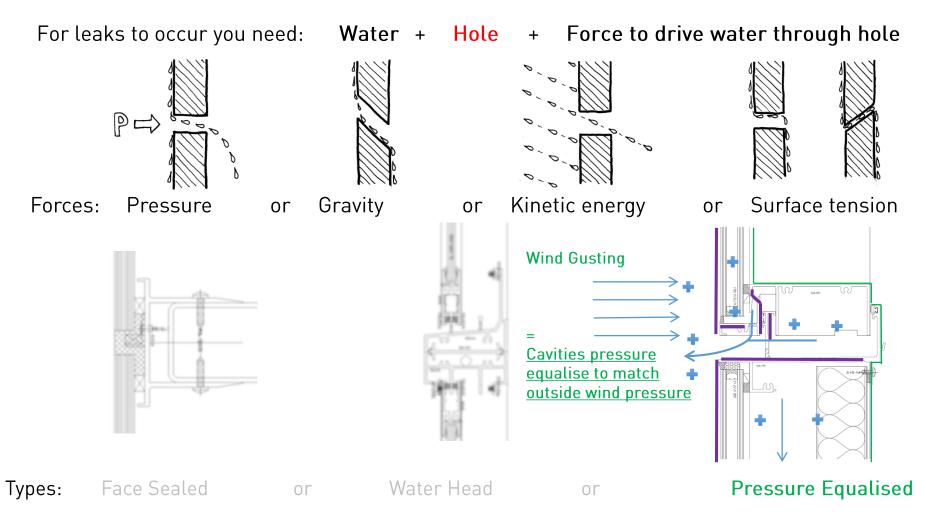






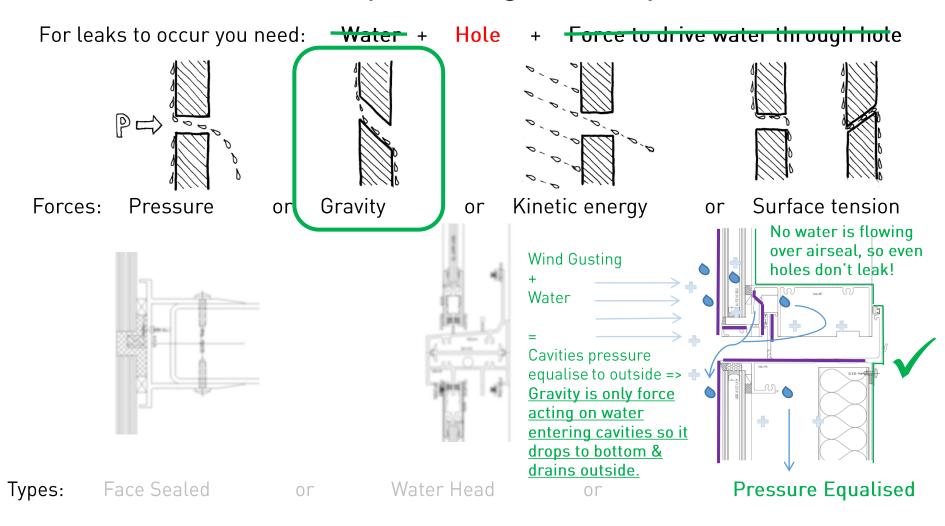








## Weatherproofing Principles





### Pressure equalisation is not new

Insignt-004

Drainage, Holes and Moderation

# Insight Drainage, Holes and Moderation

An edited version of this insight first appeared in the ASHPAE Journal

By Joseph W. Lstiburek, Ph.D., P.Eng., Fellow

Ever wonder how we can build a 50 story glass tower that doesn't leak, but we can't seem to build a twostory house that doesn't leak? The answer is a little bit of counter intuitive thinking.

We have learned to add holes and drainage in till buildings in order for them to work. The lesson learned in till buildings is that we can't keep the rain out so we drain it out after it has entered. We can reduce the amount that enters but we can neves completely keep it all out. Drainage and holes are key. The area of the completely have a supported by the coins short buildings. Until we add holes and drainage to small buildings they will continue to leak. This is so counter-inniture that it borders on majes.

This story all begins with a cup in the rain (Figure 1). It is a plain ordinary cup, nothing magical about it yet. It is onented parallel to the ground. Rain folis out of the sky due to something called gravity. The raindrops have momentum ("kinetic energy") associated with them. There is no wind in this simple story of a cup in the rain so far. Sometimes the raindrops don't fall completely straight down' and so they will occusionally full into the cup. But lo and

"Ne con't need to ack why they don't sways fall straight down – set just those about the wind they will be about the about the wind they will be about the a

Aay 2008

www.buildingscience.co

behold, even though some raindrops enter the cup the rainwater can drain out of the cup due to the slope of the cup with a little help from gravity. Drainage at work.

Let's make it a bit more complicated. Let's add wind (Figure 2). Wind enters the cup and pressurizes it. If the wind can't get out the back of the cup (assume the cup has no holes) no more wind can enter into the front of the cup. Prestono wind entry into the cup therefore no wind divine rain entry into the cup. That peaky momentum thing is still happening with the raindrops, but no matter we drain those suches back to the outside as before. There's that drainage thing again.

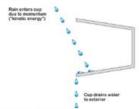


Figure 1: Cup in the Rain

Occasionally raindrops enter cup due to momentum and drain
back to exterior via gravity and slope of cup. Did I mention

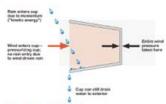
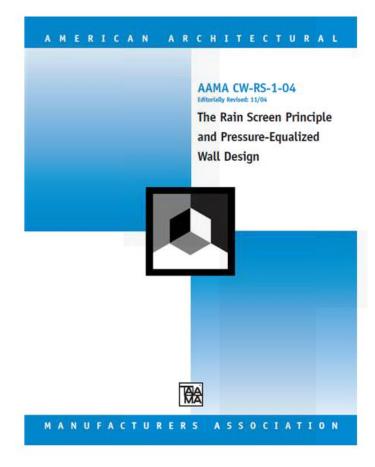


Figure 2: Cup in the Wind

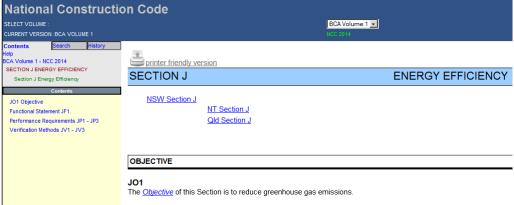
Wind pressurizes cup so that wind driven rain cannot enter. Rain still enters cup due to momentum but this rainwater drains back to exterior. Note the drainage thing.





# Design Considerations: Saving the planet

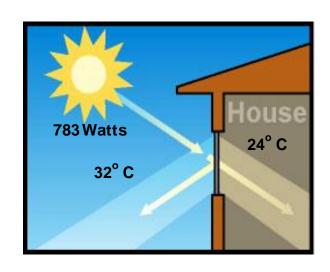




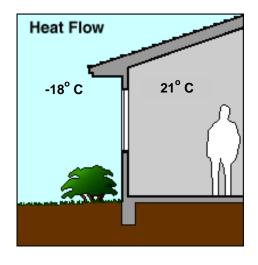
 Government legislation dictates that we reduce greenhouse gas emissions through better thermal performance of building facades.



# How do we measure Window Thermal Performance?



SHGC - Solar Heat Gain Coefficient



U-Value (W/M<sup>2</sup>C)

The lower the number the better the performance



# Performance Data: Whole of Window

	Glass	Only	Windov	v 650/1	Window 650/1 (Structural Glazed)			
	SHGC	U-Value	SHGCw	Uw-Value	SHGCw	Uw-Value		
10.38mm Clear Lam	0.72	5.6	0.67	6.4	0.70	6.3		
10.38mm HL119	0.68	3.6	0.56	4.7	0.59	4.1		
6/12/6 Clear IGU	0.70	2.7	0.61	4.0	0.69	3.4		
DLE70 Grey IGU	0.23	1.7	0.21	3.2	0.25	2.6		



## NCC (BCA) Section J

#### GLAZING CALCULATOR FOR USE WITH CLAUSE J2.4, BCA VOLUME ONE (METHOD 2)

Building name/des 1 Sample	cription								
torey	Facade areas	N	NE	E	\$E	8	SW	W	NW
vel 2	Option A	75.6m²		33.2m²		173m²		35.3m²	
	Option B								
	Glazing area (A)			17.9m²		106m²		19.2m <sup>2</sup>	

Number of rows preferred in table below

15 (as currently displayed)

	GLAZING ELEMENTS, ORIENTATION, SIZE and PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS							SHAE	ING	CALCULATED OUTCOMES - OK (If inputs are val				rts are valid)		
	Glazing element	Sector	faced		Size		Perfor	manoe	P&H or	device	Sha	iding	Multi	pliers	Size	
ID	Description (optional)	Option A facades	Option B facades	Height (m)	Width (m)	Area (m²)	Votal U-Value (NFRC)	SHGC (NFRC)	P (m)	H (m)	Р/Н	<b>G</b> (m)	Heating (8 <sub>H</sub> )	Cooling (8 <sub>c</sub> )	Area used (m²)	Element share of % of allowance used
1		S		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00		11% of 60%
2		S		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00		11% of 60%
3		S		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00	11.80	11% of 60%
4		S		1.95	6.05		53	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00	11.80	11% of 60%
5		E		1.95	9.17		5.3	0.44	0.750	2.015	0.37	0.07	1.00	0.73	17.88	100% of 92%
6		N		1.95	4.55		5.3	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00		31% of 83%
7		N		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44	1.200		0.62	0.00	1.00	0.40		14% of 83%
8		N		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44	1.200	1.950	0.62	0.00	1.00	0.40		14% of 83%
9		N		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00		41% of 83%
10		W		1.95	9.87		5.3	0.44	0.750	2.015	0.37	0.07	1.00	0.74	19.25	100% of 72%
- 11		S		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00	11.80	11% of 60%
12		S		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00	11.80	11% of 60%
13		S		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00		11% of 60%
14		S		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00	11.80	11% of 60%
15		S		1.95	6.05		5.3	0.44				0.00	1.00	1.00	11.80	11% of 60%

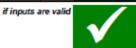
IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER IN RESPECT OF THE GLAZING CALCULATOR

The Glazing Calculator has been developed by the ABCB to assist in developing a better understanding of glazing energy efficiency parameters.

While the ABCB believes that the Giazing Calculator, if used correctly, will produce accurate results, it is provided "as is" and without any representation or warranty of any kind, including that it is fit for any purpose or of merchantable quality, or functions as intended or at all.

Your use of the Glazing Calculator is entirely at your own risk and the ABCB accepts no liability of any kind.

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page 1 of 1



### WERS Data Search

http://gjames.com/professional/wers

WER	<b>S</b> Search					< BACK TO	) PROFESSI	ONAL CENTRE
Performan	ce Data as supplied to the Window	w Energ	y Rating	Scheme (	WERS)			
Wind	dow Performan	ce						
(Wo	performance values displayed on bW) energy requirements in accord t 3.12. These values are not to be	lance w	ith the Na	ational Co	nstruction	Code, Volume	1 (section J)	
Series •	Glass *		Uw S	HGCw	VTw	Glazing Co	ooling	Heating
048	Awning Window 3mm Clear / 14mm Air / 3mm Sunergy Clear Low-E	3.60	0.52	0.45	Double	****	****	ı
048	Awning Window 3mm Clear / 14mm Air Gap / 3mm Clear	4.00	0.57	0.58	Double	***	*****	
048	Awning Window 3mm Clear / 14mm Air Gap / 3mm Energy Advantage Low-E	3.40	0.53	0.54	Double	****	*****	
048	Awning Window 3mm Energy Advantage Low-E	4.90	0.53	0.57	Single	*****	****	
048	Awning Window 3mm Energy Advantage Low-E / 14mm Air Gap / 3mm Clear	3.40	0.49	0.54	Double	****	*****	
048	Awning Window 3mm Sunergy Clear Low-E / 14mm Air / 3mm Clear	3.60	0.41	0.45	Double	****	*****	
048	Awning Window 3mm Sungate 500 Low-E	5.10	0.54	0.58	Single	*****	****	
048	Awning Window 4mm Azuria / 12mm Air Gap / 4mm Clear	4.00	0.35	0.48	Double	****	****	



# Glass/Frame System Matrix

Framing Type - Thermal Improvement

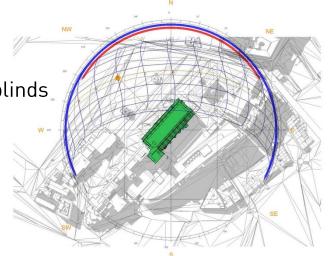
1. Centre Pocket	2. Captive Face Glazed	3. Structurally Glazed	4. Captive Thermally Broken
1. Single Glazed	1. Single Glazed	1. Single Glazed	1. Single Glazed
2. Double Glazed	2. Double Glazed	2. Double Glazed	2. Double Glazed
3. Deep Cavity IGU			
4. Triple Glazed	4. Triple Glazed	4. Triple Glazed	4. Triple Glazed
5. IGU with Interstitial Blinds	5. IGU with Interstitial Blinds	5. IGU with Interstitial Blinds	<ol><li>IGU with Interstitial Blind</li></ol>



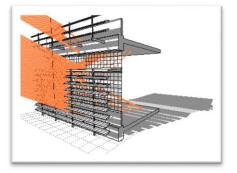
# Energy Efficiency in Facades

Besides glass and aluminium framing options, how else can we improve energy efficiency in facades?

- Sunshade devices
- Motorised external venetian blinds
- Double skin facades
- Natural ventilation





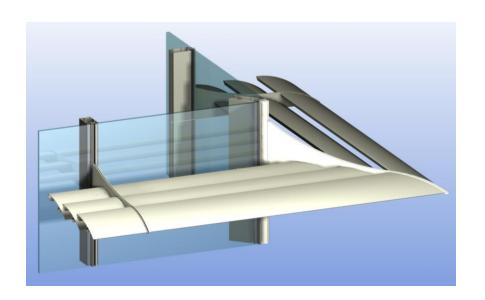




#### **Design Considerations**

- Minimise projections as sunshades catch wind loads like spinnakers!
- Mitigate penetrations through façade (potential water leaks)
- Factory fabrication for quality control & economic labour
- Panelised in size for economic transport, lifting & installation
- For safety site assembly onto glazing panels on the floor prior to panel install
- Light weight











#### Horizontal Sunblades

Best for shading when sunlight is near vertical – ie. north elevation



Latitude, Sydney



Mossop Building 3, Adelaide



ANZAC Park West, Canberra



Bankwest, Townsville



#### Vertical Fins

Best for shading when sunlight is near horizontal – ie. east/west elevations



Green Square, Brisbane





BCEC, Brisbane



Combined Horizontal Sunblades & Vertical Fins



KSD1 Hamilton Harbour, Brisbane



WEHI, Melbourne



Perforated Aluminium Sheet Sunshade Screens



WEHI, Melbourne (DNA pattern to genetic research facility)



UTS Broadway, Sydney (Binary pattern to IT & Engineering building)



# Sunshades used for stunning visual effect



Brisbane Central



M&A, Cnr MacLauchlan & Ann St, Fortitude Valley



# Operable External Venetian Blinds



QUT CIP2, Kelvin Grove (rendering)
Horizontal motorised external venetian blinds mounted onto
G.James custom curtain wall.



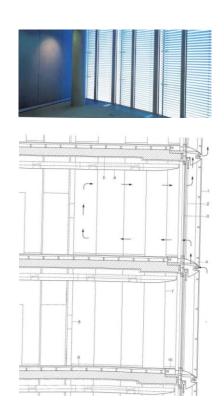
G.James / Liftmaster motorised external venetian blind integrated into window framing system.



#### Double Skin Facades



Southern Cross, Melbourne





1 Bligh St, Sydney



## Operable Facades and Natural Ventilation



Vertical lift doors, 1 Bligh St, Sydney



Concealed motorised louvres, 1 Bligh St, Sydney



Vertical pivot glass louvres with concealed motor Sydney Residence



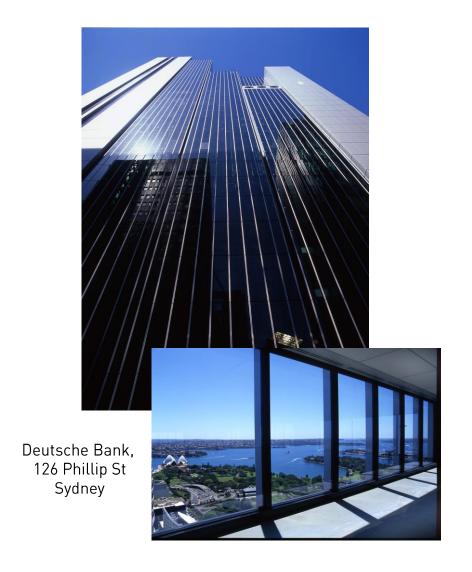
# Other Design Considerations

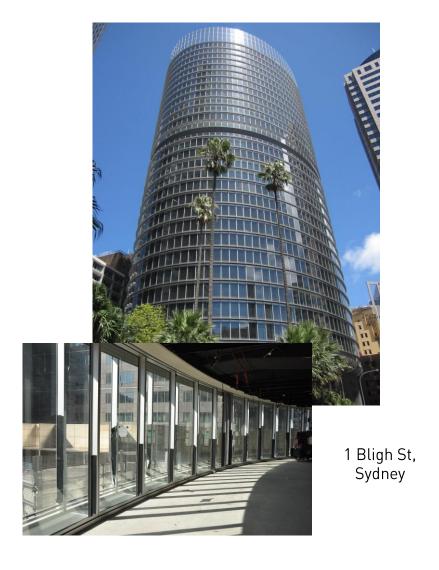
#### Consider where we are in the world and.....

- How the building is to be used
- Building orientation
- Size of windows
- How the glass looks internally
- How to replace damaged glass
- Amount of visible light trans.
- Glare



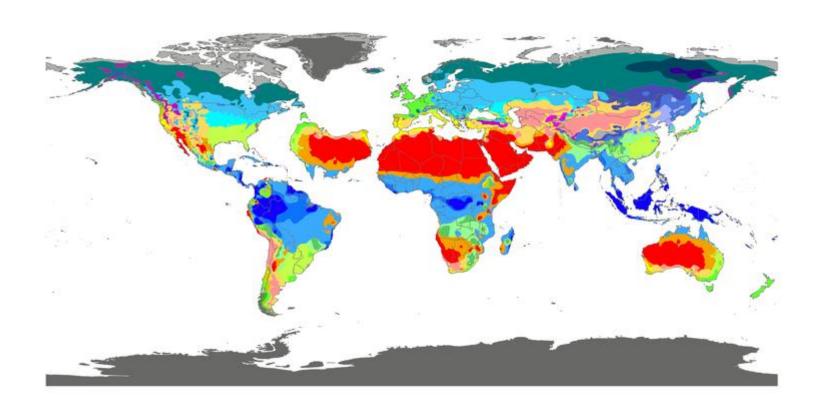








# Design Considerations ...again consider the location





# Design Considerations



Consider the occupants ......



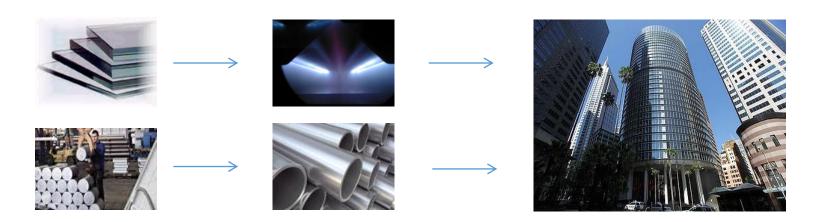
If there is just one thing you get out of today.....

H:\video\common\glass\Convert\Forming a successful relationship\_shorter.wmv



# Forming a successful relationship with G.James.

- 98yrs of operation with impressive project references including working relationships on buildings by renowned architects: Norman Foster, Harry Seidler, Ingenhoven, James Carpenter, etc.
- Wealth of experience with in-house scientists driving an extensive R&D division
- In-house design office, engineering team & NATA Test Rig
- Manufactured locally
- Fully integrated design, manufacture and installation from float glass & raw aluminium billets to finished facades of monumental skyscrapers.





### G.James makes the difference...





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### Factory Visits







Glass Laminating



Site Hours Ops & Access: 24 hours Site Hours Ops &Access EAGLE Industria FARM 4009

Curtain Wall Factory, 303 Fison Ave

Curtain wall panel assembly, glazing & packing.

Schneider Rd Glass Operations Shed 23



Glass Cutting & Processing



Tour Guide: Jason Sewell (Glass Customer Service Officer)



Tour Guide: Bernie Merrylees &/or Sam McDonough Production Manager Factory Manager









Thank You

Defining Spaces.

# Slideshow

Doctors bury their mistakes......

..... Architect's cover them in ivy!

+ amazing <u>facades</u> around the world

